# 英 語(リーディング)

各大間の英文や図表を読み、解答番号 **1** ~ **44** にあてはまるものとして最も適当な選択肢を選びなさい。

# 第1問 (配点 6)

You are an exchange student in the US and next week your class will go on a day trip. The teacher has provided some information.

# **Tours of Agloe Science Museum**

Agloe Science Museum offers three museum tours for students.

### **Natural History Tour**

Spend the morning in the Tropical Vegetation Greenhouses next to the main building. There you can find a great variety of plants, mainly from the tropics. After lunch at the cafeteria in the main building, walk upstairs to the Fossil Hall.



Displayed there are hundreds of fossil specimens — including skeletons of ten dinosaurs and three pterosaurs. The Museum's dinosaur exhibits are organized to reflect evolutionary timelines, and by walking through the hall, you can see how dinosaurs evolved.

#### **Technology Tour**

Begin the day by meeting robots of various kinds in the main building. Some of them you can play or even dance with. Afterward, a two-minute bus ride takes you to a huge garage, which houses dozens of historic



planes like Concorde, a retired Anglo-French airliner which flew at twice the speed of sound, to name just one. There you can explore the history of airplanes by watching, touching, and reading explanations of historically important airplanes.

# **Space Exploration Tour**

First thing in the morning, take the elevator to the top floor of the main building to visit one of the biggest planetariums in this country and learn about the history of the universe. Just outside the planetarium, on display are nearly one hundred remarkable objects from outer space, including a 4.6-billion-year-old sample from asteroid Ryugu, collected by JAXA. In the afternoon, go downstairs to the Vehicles-in-Space Gallery. From rockets to satellites, this gallery showcases forty-plus machines that once worked in space.

Agloe Science Museum Office, September, 2024

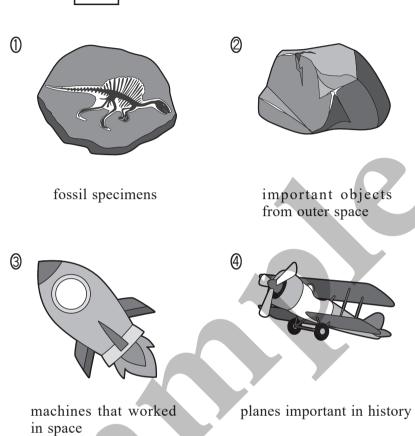
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問 1	Agloe	Science	Museum	has	1	

- ① a retired airplane which could fly faster than sound
- 2 about one hundred dinosaur skeletons
- 3 many plant seeds from all over the world
- 4 the world's biggest planetarium

# 問2 On all three tours, you 2.

- (1) can, instead of just seeing something, experience it physically
- a have to move into or out of the main building
- 3 will acquire some historical knowledge
- 4 will move around using some kind of machine or vehicle

問3 Which of the items below does this museum display in greatest number? 3



# 第2間 (配点 12)

You are a college student thinking of doing some easy exercise that is good for your health. You find this flyer from Jump Zone recommending the trampoline.

#### The Benefits of Trampolining

Trampolining, often seen as a fun activity for children, offers numerous benefits for people of all ages. This simple yet exciting exercise can significantly improve physical and mental well-being.

First and foremost, trampolining is an excellent exercise that gets your heart pumping. Jumping on a trampoline increases heart rate, promoting better blood circulation and strengthening the heart. This low-impact exercise is also gentler on the joints compared to running or high-impact aerobics, reducing the risk of injury while still providing an effective workout.

In addition to the above, trampolining enhances coordination and balance. The constant adjustments required to maintain stability on the trampoline improve the body's ability to sense its position in space. This can be particularly beneficial for older adults, as improved balance can help prevent falls and related injuries.

Beyond physical aspects, trampolining offers significant mental health benefits. It triggers the release of endorphins, the body's natural feel-good hormones, which can help reduce stress. The sheer joy of jumping and the feeling of weightlessness can be a powerful mood booster, providing a sense of freedom and fun.

Moreover, trampolining can be a social activity. Whether at a trampoline park or in a back yard, jumping with friends or family can strengthen social bonds and create experiences worth remembering. This social aspect can further enhance the mental health benefits of trampolining by providing a sense of community and belonging.

## Jump Zone (Pricing Information)

To help you get started, here are the details of our trampolining sessions and membership options:

- Single Session: \$10 per person (1 hour)
- Membership: \$50 per month (including unlimited sessions)
- Family Package: \$150 per month (including unlimited sessions for up to 4 family members)
- We also offer group discounts for parties and special events.
- 問 1 According to the flyer, which of the following is true? 4
  - ① In some areas trampolining is enjoyed by more people than jogging.
  - 2) The risks of trampolining have been known for a long time.
  - 3 Trampolining is often considered a sport for adults.
  - 4 Trampolining makes it less likely that you will get injured.
- 問2 Which of the following physical aspects does a trampoline <u>not</u> enhance? 5
  - 1 Blood flow
  - 2 Heart strength
  - 3 Spatial awareness
  - Walking ability

- 問3 One **opinion** about trampolining written on this flyer is that 6
  - 1 it can be a memorable experience with friends or family
  - 2 it is a relatively inexpensive sport
  - 3 it is better for the mind than the body
  - 4 it may be stressful to some people
- 問4 Which of the following is true about Jump Zone? 7
  - ① It offers a variety of events free of charge.
  - ② Members can use it as often as they want during each month.
  - 3 Only family members can use it as a group.
  - 4 The fee for a single session is paid on a daily basis.

# 第3問 (配点 9)

You are going to participate in an event to explore nature. As preparation, you are reading an article in the school newspaper written by your friend Yuka.

#### A Memorable Hiking Trip

Last summer, I decided to go on a hiking trip in the mountains with a group of friends. We started our journey early in the morning, eager to reach the summit by noon. The weather was perfect, with clear skies and a gentle breeze.

Our first challenge was crossing a fastflowing river. We searched for some time and found a small bridge that barely looked safe to cross. Nevertheless, we managed to get over the first hurdle. After that, the trail became steeper and more challenging. We encouraged each other, taking breaks when needed and enjoying the beautiful scenery. About halfway up the mountain, we



encountered a family of deer eating grass near the trail. We stopped to watch them for a few minutes, marveling at their grace and beauty. Continuing our hike, we reached a breathtaking viewpoint where we could see the entire valley below. We took some time to rest and take photos.

As we approached the summit, the trail became rockier, and we had a lot of difficulty making our way. We had to use our hands to climb over some large rocks. Finally, after several hours of hiking, we reached the top. The view from the summit was incredible, showing rolling hills, distant mountains, and green valleys under the sunlight. We felt a great sense of accomplishment. We spent about an hour at the summit, having lunch and enjoying the views to the fullest. As we ate, I couldn't help but think how beautiful the night view would be if we came here in the evening.

On our way down, we took a different route that led us through a dense forest. It was much cooler in the shade of the trees, and we enjoyed the peacefulness of the forest. When we reached the base of the mountain, we were exhausted but satisfied. It was a challenging hike, but the experience was unforgettable. We promised to go there together again.

問 1 Yuka's article also included her friends' comments ( $\bigcirc \sim \bigcirc$  ) describing the hiking trip. Put the comments in the order in which the events happened.  $\boxed{8} \rightarrow \boxed{9} \rightarrow \boxed{10} \rightarrow \boxed{11}$ 

(1)

I completely forgot how tired I was. Lunch tasted all the better after reaching the mountain top.

2

I never expected to see wild animals up close. I should have taken some photos.

3

Maybe summer hikes aren't so bad. The thick woods were so cool that it didn't feel like summer.

4

We were very lucky to find a bridge, but crossing that river was really scary for me. 問2 What did Yuka and her friends <u>not</u> experience during the hiking trip?

12

- ① Cheering each other on.
- 2 Getting caught in a shower.
- 3 Going up rocky slopes.
- 4 Taking two different routes.
- 問3 What is Yuka likely to do after this hiking trip? 13
  - ① Avoid hiking in the mountains.
  - 2 Consider hiking alone.
  - 3 Go hiking on a different mountain.
  - 4 Plan a camping trip on the same mountain.

# 第4間 (配点 12)

In English class you are writing an essay about an environmental issue you are interested in. This is your first draft. You are now working on revisions based on comments from your teacher.

### **Reducing Single-Use Plastics**

Single-use plastics are items made of plastic that are designed to be used just once before being thrown away or recycled. Drinking straws, water bottles, and yogurt pots are all examples of single-use plastic.

Some of these items can be recycled. (1) \( \int \) Many do not get that far. They are dropped in the street or blown away by the wind. Eventually, they find their way into rivers and end up in the ocean. (2) \( \int \) That is what causes countless marine animal deaths each year.

There are many things we can do to help. First, we can avoid buying drinks in plastic bottles. The average person uses over 150 plastic bottles a year, and 60 million bottles are bought around the world each day. By carrying a refillable drink bottle, we can help lower this number and save money while we do it.

Second, we can <sup>(3)</sup> think about shopping. Around 100,000 marine animals are killed by plastic shopping bags each year. Although many shops charge a small fee for plastic bags, this is still not enough to reduce the number of plastic bags that end up in the ocean.

Finally, we can try to buy food that has been grown locally and buy from local stores. Food that has been transported long distances is usually packaged in plastic to keep it safe and fresh. We discard this plastic as soon as we use the food. If we bought more food grown locally, we could reduce the use of plastic and also save the energy used in transportation.

#### **Comments**

(I) It would be better to add a connecting expression here.

(2) You don't say how the deaths occur.
Can you explain the reason?

(3) This topic sentence doesn't match this paragraph. Rewrite it. In summary, check that you have a reusable bottle for your drinks, make sure you have enough bags for your shopping, and <sup>(4)</sup> buy better food. There are many other things we can do, but these three suggestions are easy for most people to achieve.

(4) This doesn't summarize your point well. Change it.

#### **Overall Comment:**

Good effort! Your first draft was very good. I will try to take up some of your suggestions! ③

問 1 Based on comment (1), which is the best expression to add?

**14** 

- 1) however
- 2 in the same way
- (3) thus
- 4) what's more
- 問2 Based on comment (2), which is the best sentence to add?

15

- ① Experts do not know the reason why this is harmful to animals.
- ② Some marine animals confuse these plastic items for food and eat them.
- 3 The amount of plastic that goes into the ocean increases every year.
- We should reduce the amount of plastic in the ocean to reduce deaths.

- - ① carry reusable bags when we shop
  - 2 pay for plastic bags
  - 3 stop throwing plastic bags into the ocean
  - (4) think more about marine animals
- 問4 Based on comment (4), which is the best replacement? 17
  - ① avoid buying expensive local food
  - ② check that the food you buy is safe to eat
  - 3 purchase higher-quality food and drinks
  - 4 think about where your food comes from

解答

問1-①

問2-3

問3-(1)

(各2点)

出典

Original Material

全訳

あなたは合衆国にいる交換留学生で、来週あなたのクラスは日帰り旅行に出かけます。先 生が情報を与えてくれました。

#### アグロー科学博物館のツアー

アグロー科学博物館は3つの博物館ツアーを生徒向けに提案しています。

#### 自然史ツアー

午前中は本館に隣接する熱帯植生温室でお過ごしください。そこでは、主に熱帯地方に由来する多種多様な植物を見ることができます。本館内カフェテリアでの昼食の後は、化石ホールまで階段をお上がりください。そこに展示されているのは、10 体の恐竜と 3 体の翼竜の骨格を含む何百もの化石の標本です。当博物館の恐竜展示は進化の時系列に沿って並べられていますので、ホールを通り抜けることで恐竜の進化の足跡をたどることができます。

#### 科学技術ツアー

本館でのさまざまな種類のロボットとの出会いで1日を始めてください。中には一緒になって遊んだり、さらには踊ったりすることができるものもあります。その後、バスに2分乗れば巨大なガレージに着きます。そこに収められているのは、1つだけ名前を挙げるなら、音の倍の速さで飛行したイギリス・フランス共同開発の引退した定期旅客機コンコルドなどの、何十機もの歴史上重要な飛行機です。そこでは飛行機の歴史の探求が、見て、触れて、説明を読んでと、歴史上重要な飛行機を通じてできるのです。

#### 宇宙開発ツアー

朝一番にエレベーターに乗って本館の最上階まで行き、この国で最大のプラネタリウムの1つを訪れて宇宙の歴史について学んでください。プラネタリウムのすぐ外に展示されているのは、宇宙に由来する100近くの注目に値する物体で、日本の宇宙航空研究開発機構が小惑星リュウグウから収集した、46億年前の標本も含まれています。午後には、下の階の宇宙船ギャラリーへお越しください。ロケットから衛星にいたるまで、このギャラリーはかつて宇宙で稼働した機械を40機以上展示しています。

2024年9月 アグロー科学博物館事務所

#### 設 問 解 説

#### 問1 1 正解①

「アグロー科学博物館には 1 がある」

- ② およそ 100 の恐竜の骨格
- ③ 世界中に起源を持つ数多くの植物の種子
- 4 世界最大のプラネタリウム

正解は①。科学技術ツアーの第3文(Afterward, a two-minute …)に、この科学博物館には「音の倍の速さで飛行したコンコルド」があることが記されている。

②に関しては、自然史ツアーの第4文(Displayed there are …)に博物館に展示されている数が「10」と記されているのみで、所蔵数が「およそ100」という情報は挙げられていない。③に関しては、自然史ツアーの第2文(There you can …)に「主に熱帯地方に由来する多種多様な植物」を見ることができる、とのみ記されており「世界中に起源を持つ」や「種子」という情報は見られない。④に関しては、宇宙開発ツアーの第1文(First thing in …)に「この国で最大のプラネタリウムの1つ」と記されているのみで、「世界最大の」という情報は挙げられていない。

#### 問2 2 正解 3

[3つのツアーの全てにおいて, あなたは 2]

- ① 何かを単に見るだけではなく、それを身体的に経験することができる
- ② 本館に入るか、または本館から出る必要がある
- ③ 歴史に関する知識を得る
- 4 何らかの種類の機械か乗り物を使って動き回る

正解は③。自然史ツアーの最終文(The Museum's dinosaur …)に「恐竜の進化の足跡をたどること」ができると、科学技術ツアーの最終文(There you can …)に「飛行機の歴史の探究」ができると、宇宙開発ツアーの第 1 文(First thing in …)に「宇宙の歴史について」学ぶようにと、それぞれ記されており、いずれのツアーでも歴史に関する知識を獲得することになると言える。

①に関しては、科学技術ツアーでは第2文(Some of them …)に「(ロボットの) 中には一緒になって遊んだり、さらには踊ったりすることができるもの」があることが、最終文(There you can …)に飛行機の歴史の探求を歴史上重要な飛行機に「触れて」行えることが、それぞれ述べられているが、自然史ツアーと宇宙開発ツアーにはそのような身体的経験についての記述はない。②に関しては、自然史ツアーの第3文(After lunch at …)に熱帯植物用の温室から本館への移動について、科学技術ツアーの第3文(Afterward、a two-minute …)に本館から巨大なガレージへの移動について、それぞれ記されているが、宇宙開発ツアーは本館内のみで行われる。④に関しては、科学技術ツアーの第3文(Afterward、a two-minute …)にバスの利用について、宇宙開発ツアーの第1文(First thing in …)にエレベーターの利用について、それぞれ記されているが、自然史ツアーには徒歩以外の移動手段については記されていない。

#### 問3 3 正解(1)

「以下の品目のうちのどれを、この博物館は最も多く展示しているか」 3

- ① 化石の標本
- ② 宇宙に由来する重要な物体
- ③ 宇宙で稼働した機械
- 4 歴史上重要な飛行機



正解は①。自然史ツアーの第4文(Displayed there are …)に「何百もの化石の標本」が展示されていると記されている。

② に関しては、宇宙開発ツアーの第 2 文 (Just outside the ...) に、③ に関しては、宇宙開発ツアーの最終文 (From rockets to ...) に、④ に関しては、科学技術ツアーの第 3 文 (Afterward, a two-minute ...) に、それぞれの品目が「100 近く」、「40 機以上」、「何十機も」展示されていることが記されている。

#### 主な語句・表現

#### ・問題冊子を参照のこと。

「リード文]

- ◇ exchange student「交換(留)学生」
- ◇ day trip「日帰り旅行」

◇ provide 動「…を与える [提供する]」

[タイトル] ¦

- ◇ tour 图「(工場・施設・家などをめぐる) 見学[ツアー]」
- ◇ Agloe 阁「アグロー」 架空の地名。
- ◇ science museum「科学博物館」

[Natural History | Tour]

- ◇ natural history「自然史;博物学」
- ◇ tropical vegetation「熱帯植生 [植物]」
- ◇ greenhouse 图「温室」
- ◇ next to ...「…の隣の [に]」
- ◇ main building「本館」
- ◇ a great variety of ... 「多種多様 [実にさまざま] な…」
- ◇ the tropics「熱帯地方」
- ◇ cafeteria 图「カフェテリア」 好みの食品を選ぶセルフサービス式の簡易食堂。
- ◇ upstairs 圓「階段を上って;上の階へ」 ◇ fossil 凮「化石」
- ◇ hall 图「大広間;ホール」
- ◇ Displayed there are hundreds of fossil specimens 「そこに展示されているのは何百もの 化石の標本である」 Hundreds of fossil specimens (S) are displayed (V) there (M) という受動態を用いた文を元に倒置が起きた形、と考えることができる。display は「…を展示 [陳列] する」, hundreds of … は「何百もの…」, specimen は「〈動植物などの〉見本;標本」という意味。
- ◇ including 前「…を含めて「含む」」
- ◇ skeleton 雹「骨格」

◇ dinosaur 图「恐竜」

- ◇ pterosaur 图「翼竜」
- ◇ exhibit 图「展示物;陳列品」
- ◇ organize 動「…を系統立てる[整理する]」
- ◇ reflect 動「…を反映『再現』する」
- ◇ evolutionary । 運化の」
- ◇ timeline 图「時間配列; 歴史年表」
- ◇ by -ing 「-することで [によって]」

◇ evolve 動「進化する」

し CVOIVE M T 起化する

# [Technology | Tour]

- ◇ technology 图「科学 [工業] 技術; テクノロジー」
- ◇ robot 图「ロボット;機械 [人造] 人間」
- ◇ ... of various kinds「さまざま[多様]な種類の…」
- ◇ afterward 圓「その後で」
- ◇ ride 图「(乗り物に) 乗っている時間;乗り物による移動 [旅行]」
- ◇ huge 丽「非常に大きい;巨大な」
- ◇ garage 图「車庫;ガレージ」
- ♦ house[háuz] 動「〈品物〉をしまう [〈雨風に当てないように〉屋根で覆う]; …の入れ物となる」
- ◇ dozens of ... 「何ダース [何十] もの…; (かなり) 多数の…」
- ◇ historic 丽「歴史上重要「有名〕な」 ◇ plane 凮「飛行機」
- ◇ Concorde 图「コンコルド」 1976 年から 2003 年まで運航されていた, 英仏共同開発の超音速旅客機。商標で通例冠詞を付けずに使われる。
- ◇ retired 厨「引退[退役]した」

◇ Anglo-French 冠「英仏 [イギリスとフランス] の」 ◇ airliner 图「(大型) 定期便の航空機 [旅客機]」 ◇ flv 動「飛ぶ;飛行する」 flew は過去形。 ◇ at twice the speed of ...「…の 2 倍の速度で」 ◇ to name just one 「1つだけ名前 [例] を挙げれば」 ◇ explore 動「〈事実・問題・可能性など〉を探る[探究する;調査する]」 ◇ historically important「歴史上重要な」 ◇ airplane 凮「飛行機」 ◇ space exploration「宇宙開発」 ◇ first thing「真っ先に;何よりも先に」 副詞句として用いられる。 ◇ planetarium 图「プラネタリウム」 ◇ learn about ...「…について学ぶ」 ◇ just outside ...「…のすぐ外側に」 ◇ on display are nearly one hundred remarkable objects 「展示されているのは 100 近くの 珍しい物体である」 nearly one hundred remarkable objects (S) are (V) on display (C) という文を元に倒置が起きた形、と考えることができる。on display は「展示されて」、 nearly は「ほとんど;もう少しで」, remarkable は「注目に値する;素晴らしい」, object は「物;物体」という意味。 ◇ outer space「(地球の大気圏の外側の) 空間;宇宙』 ◇ 4.6-billion-year-old 丽「46 億年前に誕生した」 ◇ sample 图「標本;サンプル | ◇ asteroid 图「小惑星」 ◇ Ryugu 図「リュウグウ」 地球接近惑星(Near-Earth object)で,宇宙航空研究開発機構 が実施する小惑星探査プロジェクト「はやぶさ2」の目標天体。 ◇ collect 動「〈標本・データなど〉を集める「収集する〕」 ◇ JAXA 图「宇宙航空研究開発機構」 Japan Aerospace Exploration Agency の略記。 ◇ vehicle 图「乗り物;運搬手段」 ◇ downstairs 圓「下の階[階下]へ」 ◇ rocket 图「ロケット」 ◇ satellite 图「人工衛星 | ◇ showcase 動「…を展示[陳列]する」 ◇ ...-plus 冠「…以上[よりも多く]の」 … の位置には数字が用いられる。 ◇ office 图「事務所」 ◇ about 面「およそ [大体;約] …」 数詞の前に置かれる用法で、副詞とも考えられる。 ◇ plant seed「植物の種子」 ◇ from all over the world 「世界中から(の [来た])」 ◇ instead of - ing「- するのではなく」 ◇ just 圖「(ただ) …だけ」 only とほぼ同義。 ◇ physically 冠「身体[物理]的に;体を使って」 ◇ move into [out of] ...「…の中[外]に移動する」 ◇ acquire 動「…を習得[獲得]する」 ◇ move around「(あちこち)動き回る」 ◇ some kind of ...「何らかの種類の…」 ◇item 图「(商品・製品などの) 品目」 ◇ below 圓「下(記)の」 しばしばここでのように形容詞的に,前に置かれた名詞を修飾する。 ◇ in greatest number「最も数多く」

Space

Exploration Tour]

[設問文・選択肢]